

NND 3424: CURRICULUM AND INSTRUCTION IN NURSING - ORDINARY EXAMINATION

YEAR 4 SEMESTER 2 APRIL 2023

TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS: All questions are compulsory.

Ensure that all your answers are properly numbered.

Part I Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ): Write the correct answer on the space provided in the answer booklet. Each MCQ is one mark.

Part II Short Answer Questions (SAQ): Answer questions following each other on the answer booklet.

Part III Long Answer Questions (LAQ): Answer the questions on the answer booklet.

Part I: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

1. A lecture format is most appropriate when the?
 - a) Educational material is complex and detailed.
 - b) Learning involves attitude and feelings.
 - c) Objective is to achieve long-term retention of knowledge.
 - d) Primary purpose of education is the delivery of information.
2. A learning objective that is based on cognitive domain includes asking participants to?
 - a) Demonstrate drawing blood from a central line catheter.
 - b) Explain how they feel about caring for patients with terminal illness.
 - c) Identify two risk factors for heart disease.
 - d) Remove a colostomy pouch correctly.
3. A type of educational assessment which is generally carried out throughout a course or project is?
 - a) Summative.
 - b) Formative.
 - c) Criterion-referenced.
 - d) Ipsative.
4. The curriculum is defined as?
 - a) Course.
 - b) Syllabus.
 - c) Co-curriculum activities
 - d) Overall activities of an institution.
5. The systematic process of collecting and analyzing data in order to make a decision is called?
 - a) Evaluation.
 - b) Measurement.
 - c) Assessment.

- d) Testing.
6. At what stage are knowledge, skills and attitude evaluated?
 - a) Goal setting.
 - b) Learner needs assessment.
 - c) Evaluation.
 - d) Educational strategies.
 7. For teaching a nursing procedure like catheterization, which of the following method is most effective?
 - a) Lecture.
 - b) Demonstration.
 - c) Symposium.
 - d) Panel discussion.
 8. For effective group discussion, the number of members in the group should be?
 - a) 6-12.
 - b) 2-6.
 - c) 10-18.
 - d) 20-22.
 9. Retaining permanent change in behavior that occurs as a result of prior experiences is known as?
 - a) Education.
 - b) Aptitude.
 - c) Learning.
 - d) Intelligence.
 10. The following are true about lecture method except?
 - a) Time saving.
 - b) Easier to create.
 - c) Communication is two-way.
 - d) Useful for large gathering.
 11. An example of three dimensional aid is?
 - a) Bulletin board.
 - b) Transparencies.
 - c) Model.
 - d) Black board.
 12. The following are examples of visual aids except?
 - a) Models.
 - b) Albums.
 - c) Tape recorders.
 - d) Drawings.
 13. The step of curriculum which includes formulation of philosophy and objectives of educational program?
 - a) Assessment.
 - b) Planning.
 - c) Development.

- d) Implementation.
14. Before giving a demonstration, a teacher should?
- Summarize the lesson and emphasize key points.
 - Have a last practice so that he/she will be more confident.
 - Position himself/herself to be seen by everybody.
15. The model of curriculum development that views education as a process of changing the behavior patterns of people is called?
- Stenhouse's process model of curriculum.
 - Beattie's fur-fold model of curriculum.
 - Product model of curriculum.
16. The level of cognitive domain that involves the ability to break down information into its component parts is?
- Application.
 - Analysis.
 - Evaluation.
 - Synthesis.
17. Post clinic phase of bedside clinical teaching method involves?
- Acquainting the students nurse with the nursing care situation.
 - Allowing the patient to verbalize this needs and how he perceives his particular problem.
 - Evaluating if the students have met objectives of the bedside nursing.
 - Evaluating all aspects of patient behavior.
18. An example of a component of a scheme of work is?
- Learning outcome.
 - Duration of the teaching session.
 - Student activity.
 - Sequences of module sessions.
19. The mode of evaluation in which objectives of the course are set and the learner's performance compared with the target is?
- Norm referenced evaluation.
 - Criterion referenced evaluation.
 - Qualitative referenced evaluation.
 - Cumulative referenced evaluation.
20. Preceptorship in clinical teaching means?
- Short-lived functional relationship between a clinical teacher and a student.
 - Long-term relationship between the clinical teacher and the student for educational purposes.
 - A relationship between the clinical teacher and the student where the student emulates the attributes of the clinical teacher.
 - A role modeling relationship between the clinical teacher and the student.

PART II: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (30 marks)

1. State four student related factors to consider when planning a teaching session (4 marks).

2. State five principles of teaching and learning (5 marks).
3. State four tasks of a teacher (4 marks).
4. Describe three areas that a teacher must consider when constructing an appropriate test for use with students (6 marks).
5. State three advantages and two disadvantages of an educational trip (5marks).
6. Explain three categories of teaching aid (6 marks).

PART III: LONG ANSWER QUESTION (20 MARKS)

1. Curriculum development is the multi-step process.
 - a) State three factors to consider when selecting the content in curriculum development (3 marks).
 - b) State four ways of sequencing content during curriculum development (4 marks).
 - c) Discuss the relevance of involvement of teachers, parents and the community in curriculum implementation (13 marks).