



# MERU UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

P.O. Box 972-60200 – Meru-Kenya.

Tel: 020-2069349, 061-2309217. 064-30320 Cell phone: +254 712524293, +254 789151411

Fax: 064-30321

Website: [www.must.ac.ke](http://www.must.ac.ke) Email: [info@mucst.ac.ke](mailto:info@mucst.ac.ke)

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## University Examinations 2014/2015

FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF  
BACHELOR OF MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

SMA 2407: FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS

DATE: APRIL 2015

TIME: 2 HOURS

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INSTRUCTIONS: Answer question *one* and any other *two* questions

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### QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) (i) Define metric space (4 Marks)  
(ii) Give four examples of metric spaces (4 Marks)
- b) Show that  $d(x, y) = \sqrt{|x - y|}$  define a metric on the set of all real numbers (4 Marks)
- c) (i) If we let  $(X, d)$  be a metric space, define a Cauchy sequence (2 Marks)  
(ii) Prove that any convergent sequence in a metric space is Cauchy sequence (4 Marks)
- d) The real line interval  $(0,1)$  with the usual metric is not a complete space. Prove (4 Marks)
- e) (i) Define nested sequence in a compact space (2 Marks)  
(ii) State Cantor's intersection theorem (2 Marks)
- f) (i) Define compactness in a metric space (2 Marks)  
(ii) Show that  $(0, 1]$  is not compact (2 Marks)

### QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Define a discrete metric space (3 Marks)

- b) State the Eudidean metric on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and illustrate the same on the plane (4 Marks)
- c) (i) Let X be the set of all ordered triples of zeros and ones. Show that X consists of eight elements and then list them (5 Marks)
- (ii) Give a definition of the metric of d of X (2 Marks)
- (iii) What is the name  $d(x, y)$ , the distance between  $x$  and  $y$  (1 Mark)
- d) State the Eudidean metric on  $\mathbb{R}^3$  (5 Marks)

### QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) (i) Define sequential compactness in a metric space (3 Marks)
- (ii)  $[0,1]$  is compact, but  $(0,1)$  is not compact show why (3 Marks)
- (iii) Prove that any closed interval  $[a,b]$  is compact (6 Marks)
- b) Suppose that M is discrete metric space and N any metric space, prove that any function  $f : M \rightarrow N$  is continuous (8 Marks)

### QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) (i) Define contraction in a metric space X (2 Marks)
- (ii) State and prove the Banach fixed point theorem (contraction theorem) (4 Marks)
- b) Define Equicontinuous function in a metric space (4 Marks)
- c) State the Arzela-Ascoli theorem in compact metric space (4 Marks)

### QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) (i) If we let A be a non empty subset of a metric space  $(X, d)$ . Define the diameter of A (2 Marks)
- (ii) Let  $(X, d)$  be a complete metric space. If  $(f_n)$  is a sequence of non empty closed subsets of X such that  $F_n \cap I \subseteq F_n$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $(diam(F_n))$  converges to 0, prove that  $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} F_n$  is a singleton (10 Marks)
- b) (i) Define a uniformly continuous function f from a metric space  $(X, d)$  into a metric space  $(Y, p)$  (2 Marks)
- (ii) Prove that a uniformly continuous function maps Cauchy Sequences into Cauchy Sequences (6 Marks)